

WELCOME

With years of combined experience designing and building offices for founders and their families, we're very clear on what works, and what doesn't. The traditional Family Office construct is no longer fit for purpose for serial founders today. It requires a rethink and a refit.

When designing Tsugu, we set out to build a particular type of investment office, taking intentional steps to bring together the optimal parts of a dynamic, entrepreneurial office, and leaving behind those elements that - while traditionally adopted - no longer serve the needs of today's entrepreneur.

We are often approached by founders and peers, who seek our counsel on the journeys we've travelled. Of course, every journey is different and every founder office is made up of different elements, but this Founder Office Blueprint is the culmination of our collective expertise.

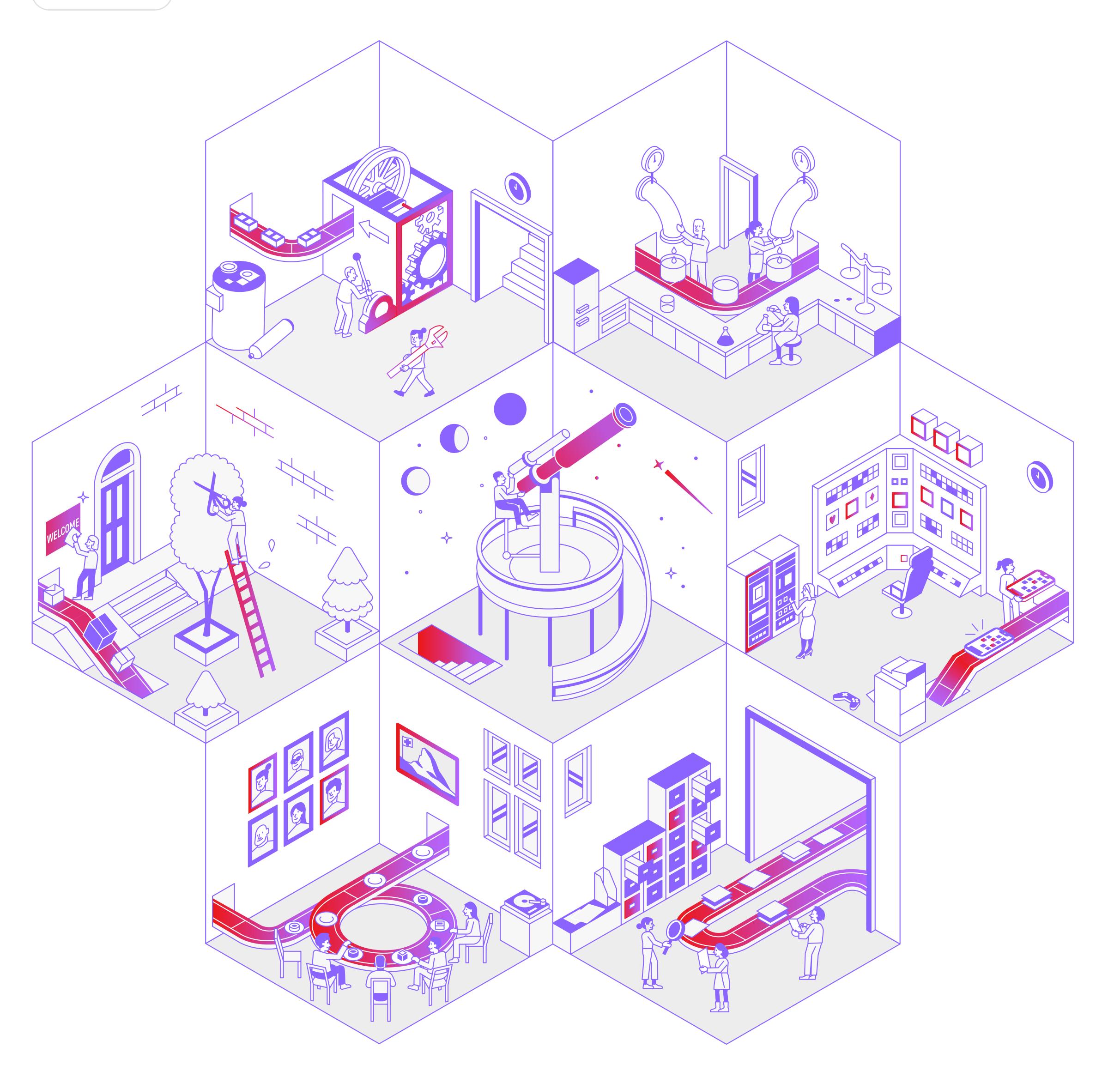
THE FOUNDER OFFICE BLUEPRINT

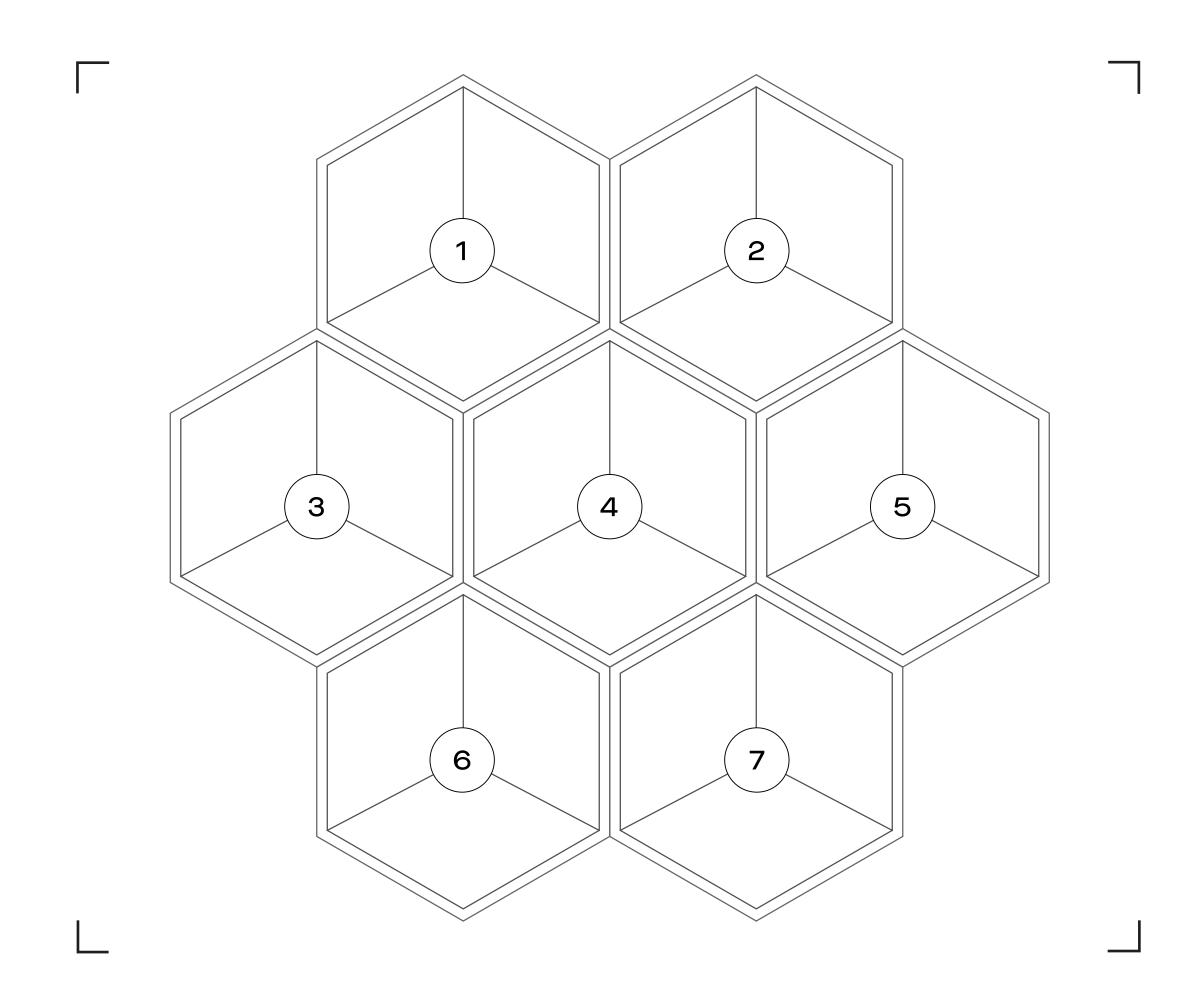
Founder Offices are often set up by people who are closely connected with a founder, or in some cases, the founder themselves. You have the founder's deep trust, and might be a specialist in a number of areas relevant to their universe. Whether you've built a Founder Office before or not, think of your unique lens as your superpower (while remembering it can also give you blindspots).

The Founder Office Blueprint guides you through seven different elements to explore, understand and decide on when designing your office - from building out an investment function, to tips around legal, tax and regulatory matters.

Consider your point of view on each of these areas, then build out a one- and five-year vision and business plan (together with a fully costed business model) to bring them to life. Don't underestimate the power of talking to others who have been on this journey before. Share learnings, source sounding boards, get creative. There will be lots of views and opinions - so pull them together, learn from them, and use them to set your path.

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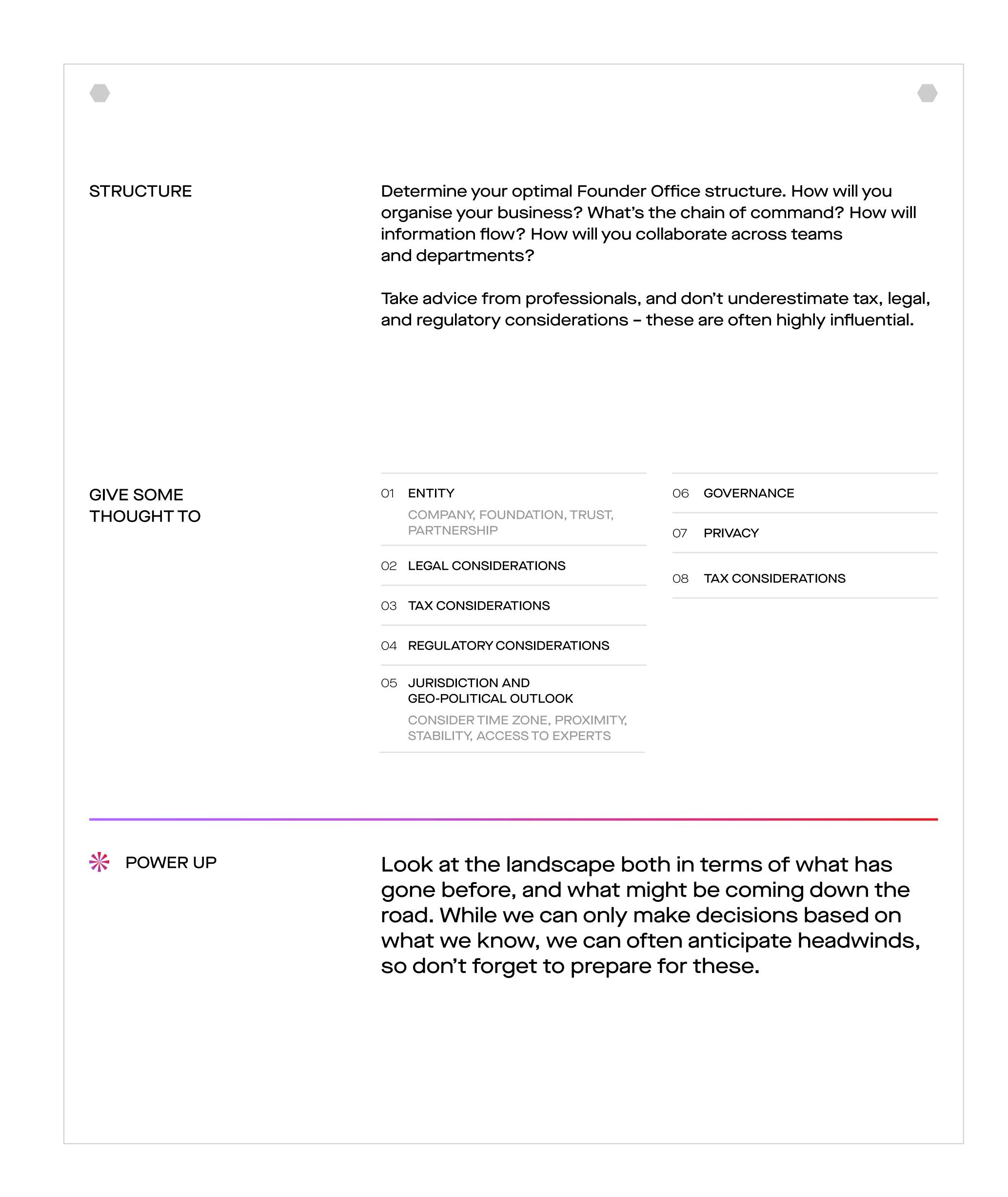




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Structure, Operations & Governance



STRUCTURE, OPERATIONS AND GOVERNANCE

OPERATIONS

The big question: How will you get things done? It can be tempting to attack the operational side of the Founder Office with a tactical approach, but looking at it strategically is essential to making sure you can deliver the long-term vision in a systematic, logical way. Building deep, intentional foundations and infrastructure, is both protective and efficient.

Think about how the various parts of the puzzle are ordered - it may be that you prioritise higher risk areas at the start, and leave other less pressing considerations to later.

GIVE SOME **THOUGHT TO**

O1 TEAM	O7 BRAND, PR AND COMMUNICATIONS
02 INFRASTRUCTURE	08 PLAYBOOKS, MANUALS AND POLICIES
O3 INSURANCE, RISK MANAGEMENT AND REGULATORY CONTROLS	09 HOUSEHOLD AND CONCIERGE
04 INVESTMENT OPERATIONS	10 PERSONAL SECURITY
05 OFFICE ENVIRONMENT	11 RELATIONSHIPS, ECOSYSTEM AND ADVISORY NETWORK
06 REPORTING AND MONITORING	

****** POWER UP

Once your operational infrastructure is set up, consider stress testing it with a '90-day fire-drill'. If the founder or head of the Founder Office is incapacitated for a period of time, would your infrastructure stand up to scrutiny? Would it continue to operate in a streamlined way? Where would the gaps be?

GOVERNANCE

What's the system of practices and processes that define, control and direct your Founder Office? Without effective governance it can be hard to maintain control and easy to slip into bad habits.

While the level of governance in any Founder Office is dependent on a number of factors (including the regulatory environment, size, etc), there should always be some core governance principles which serve to protect the founder, align decisions and help to create institutional memory.

GIVE SOME THOUGHT TO

- O1 BUSINESS PLANS
- 02 DISPUTE RESOLUTION MECHANISMS
- O3 DECISION-MAKING FRAMEWORKS:
 - INVESTMENT GOVERNANCE

INVESTMENT STATEMENTS AND POLICIES

- CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES, **BOARD/COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

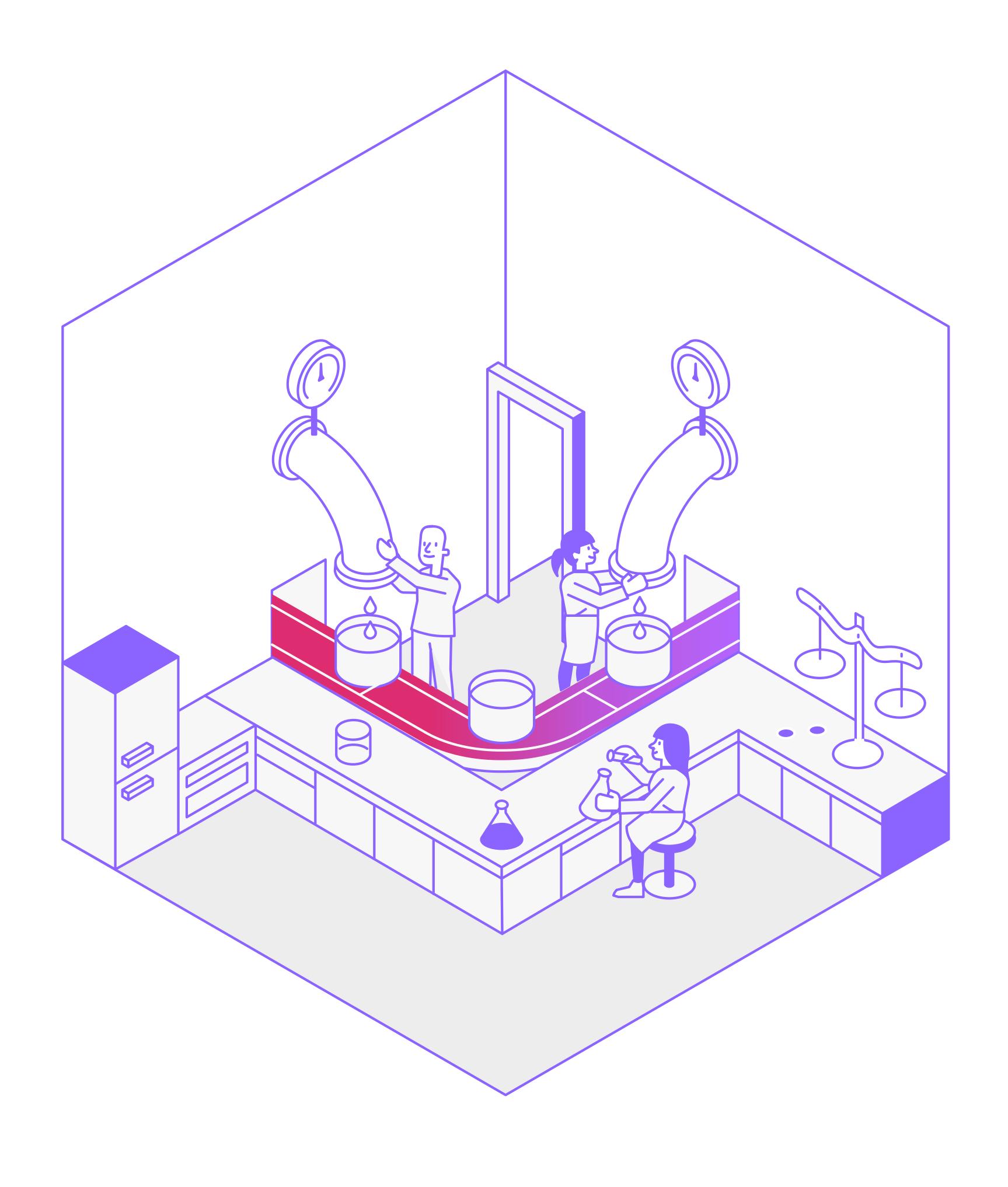
- FAMILY GOVERNANCE

FAMILY CHARTERS, FAMILY CONSTITUTIONS, SHAREHOLDER AGREEMENTS

- 04 **RECORD KEEPING**
- 05 PROCESS/ PLAYBOOKS
- 06 **CORPORATE STRATEGY**
- 07 SUCCESSION, CONTINUITY AND EDUCATION

POWER UP

Governance is often slow to develop in a Founder Office, with incremental steps being taken as the office grows, often driven by gaps highlighted when mistakes occur. Don't make this a tactical function - it needs to be intentional, albeit not over-engineered.



Investing

STRUCTURE

Take a holistic view of your investment universe. Look at the investments as a whole, and under take a comprehensive strategic capital allocation exercise to make sure that returns, risk and reward are viewed in the round.

It's vital you put the work in up front. Take the time to build strong investment governance including strategic asset allocation frameworks and investment policy statements. In simple terms: What are you investing in and why? What do you care about? Capital allocation is key across the founder's universe - don't underestimate the opportunity cost around illiquid investments and make sure capital allocation is kept under review.

In a Founder Office, investments can often be dispersed and unconsolidated. They can be held with multiple managers with relationships built up over time. The decision-making around how much of your Investment function is outsourced v brought inhouse is critical in informing the approach.

GIVE SOME THOUGHT TO

O1 ASSET CLASSES

EQUITIES, FIXED INCOME, CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, COMMODITIES, PE INVESTMENTS, VENTURE, REAL ESTATE, HEDGE FUNDS, CRYPTO, ART AND COLLECTABLES, LUXURY, PUBLIC MARKETS, OPERATING BUSINESSES

- O2 PASSIVE V ACTIVE INVESTMENTS
- O3 SECTORS AND THEMATICS
- O4 BANKING AND CUSTODY ARRANGEMENTS
- O5 STAGE OF INVESTING VC, GROWTH, PE, AND BEYOND
- 06 **REPORTING**

O7 MANAGER SELECTION

FEES AND BENCHMARKING

08 AUDIT AND FINANCE

INCLUDING PERFORMANCE AND VALUATION

09 TAX AND LEGAL

10 JURISDICTIONAL ISSUES REGULATORY, TAX, REPORTING

INVESTMENT ORIGINATION AND MANAGEMENT

INVESTING



There are five common pitfalls when it comes to the investment function of a Founder Office. Be aware of them, and avoid falling into these traps as you build.

01 LACK OF INVESTMENT KNOW-HOW

Signs of this include having return expectations that are entirely unrealistic, making direct investments with inadequate resources and skills, or a reliance on in-bound deal sourcing. It's easy to underestimate how difficult it is to outperform the market.

02 OVER-CONFIDENCE

Don't assume you can outsmart others and the market by investing in a sector without specialism, or by implementing an investment strategy without adequate resources.

The key question to ask here is: What is our right to play and what is our right to win?

O3 **IMPATIENCE**

Taking shortcuts will almost always end in disappointment. Don't underestimate how long it takes to build up a world class investment portfolio - particularly in private markets (for direct or fund investments).

O3 ENDOWMENT EFFECT

Looking at the business through the lens of a rational investor is vitally important. Holding onto a business for too long generates huge opportunity costs.

05 FOMO AND PASSION FALLACY

Be aware of the hype cycle and remember that people only talk about their successes. If you're making passion-driven investments, keep a level head. Passion does not automatically lead to success.



Tools & Technology

TOOLS & TECHNOLOGY

Technology serves a number of different purposes within a Founder Office. At the very minimum, it facilitates communication, collaboration and automates processes. Used more widely, it can give businesses such as Founder Offices the firepower and competitive edge they need to maximise their impact.

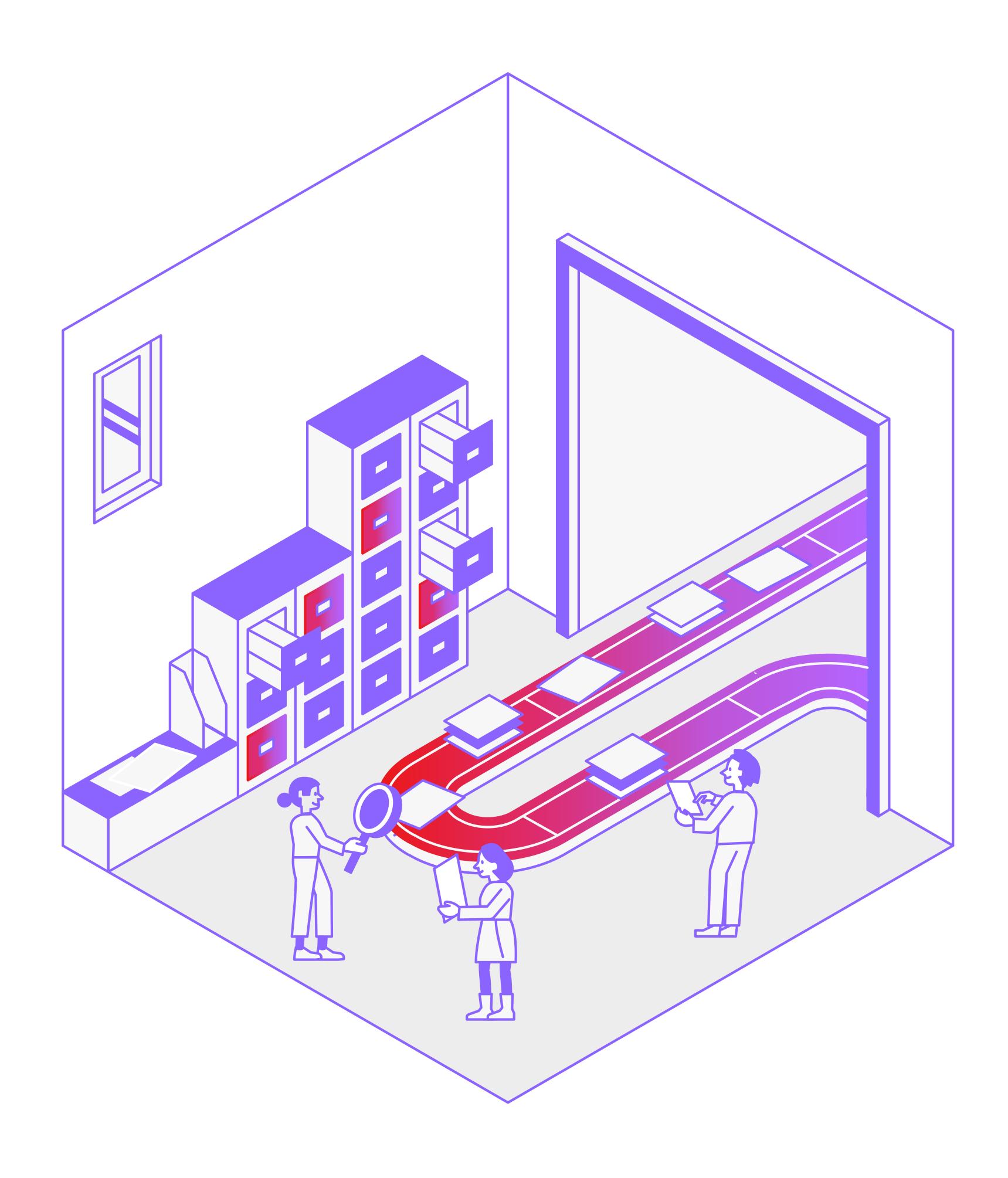
Tech adoption is something which varies hugely depending on the culture of the Founder Office, and can be heavily divisive. Many entrepreneurs have built their successes around technology and expect tech to amplify their Founder Offices. Some are less focused on optimising through technology.

GIVE SOME THOUGHT TO

- O1 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND CYBERSECURITY
- 02 **COMMUNICATION CHANNELS** AND MESSAGING
- O3 DATA AND ANALYTICS
- DUE DILIGENCE, FINANCIAL CRIME AND FRAUD PREVENTION
- 05 **REPORTING AND RECORD KEEPING**
- O6 OPERATIONAL PLATFORMS LEGAL, CRM, TALENT ACQUISITION
- O7 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

* POWER UP

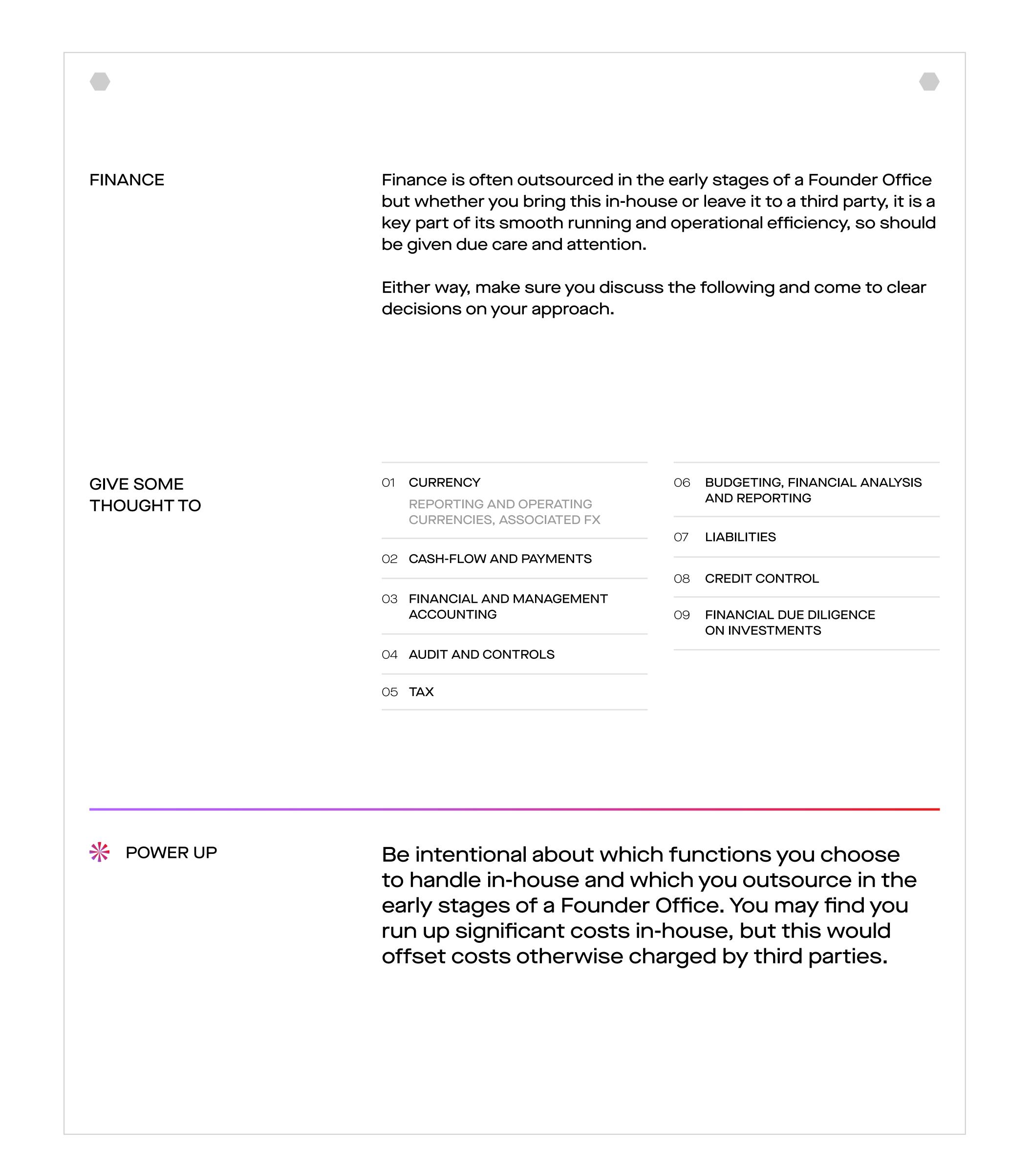
Regardless of your approach to technology, cybersecurity is key. Most founders guard their personal privacy fiercely, and they are increasingly becoming targets for cyber threats. Technology needs to protect as much as it needs to enable, and keeping technology updated and under review is an essential part of building a successful Founder Office.

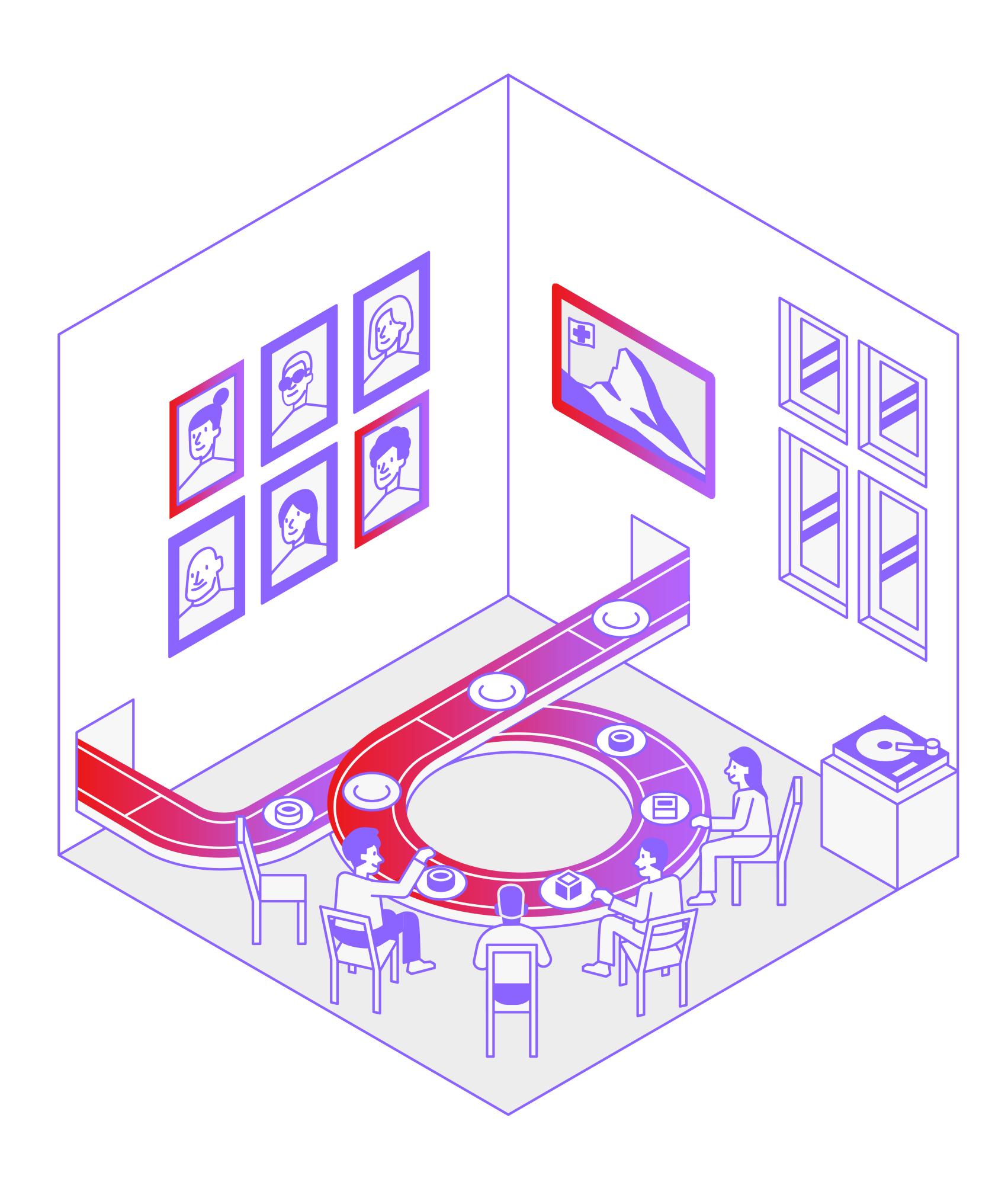


Legal, Tax, Finance & Regulatory

LEGAL, TAX AND Strong legal, tax and regulatory foundations make sure the Founder Office can deliver on the long term vision in a way that's compliant **REGULATORY** and optimised for its environment. Getting these foundations right will protect the business from future scenarios that could be hugely detrimental from a legal, reputational and financial perspective. 06 **KYC PROCESS** GIVE SOME O1 APPLICABLE TAX AND REGULATION THOUGHT TO O7 JURISDICTION SPECIFIC ISSUES, O2 LEGAL AND TAX STRUCTURING AND CROSS-JURISDICTIONAL ISSUES O3 LEGAL AND REGULATORY FILINGS E.G. TRANSFER PRICING AND LICENCES O8 REPORTING, MONITORING AND O4 REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS DECISION MAKING 05 **EMPLOYMENT POLICIES** 09 LITIGATION AND DISPUTE AND PROCEDURES **RESOLUTION METHODS** INCLUDING VISA/IMMIGRATION ISSUES FOR THE TEAM 09 CONTRACTUAL REVIEWS, LEGAL DUE DILIGENCE AROUND INVESTMENTS AND M&A * POWER UP Build a powerhouse of advisers to which you can turn to help wherever you need to go. Network is key - talk to others who have the benefit of hindsight, create a cross-jurisdictional ecosystem of experts who you can lean on and access at short notice when timeframes are tight.

LEGAL TAX, FINANCE & REGULATORY





People & Talent

PEOPLE & TALENT

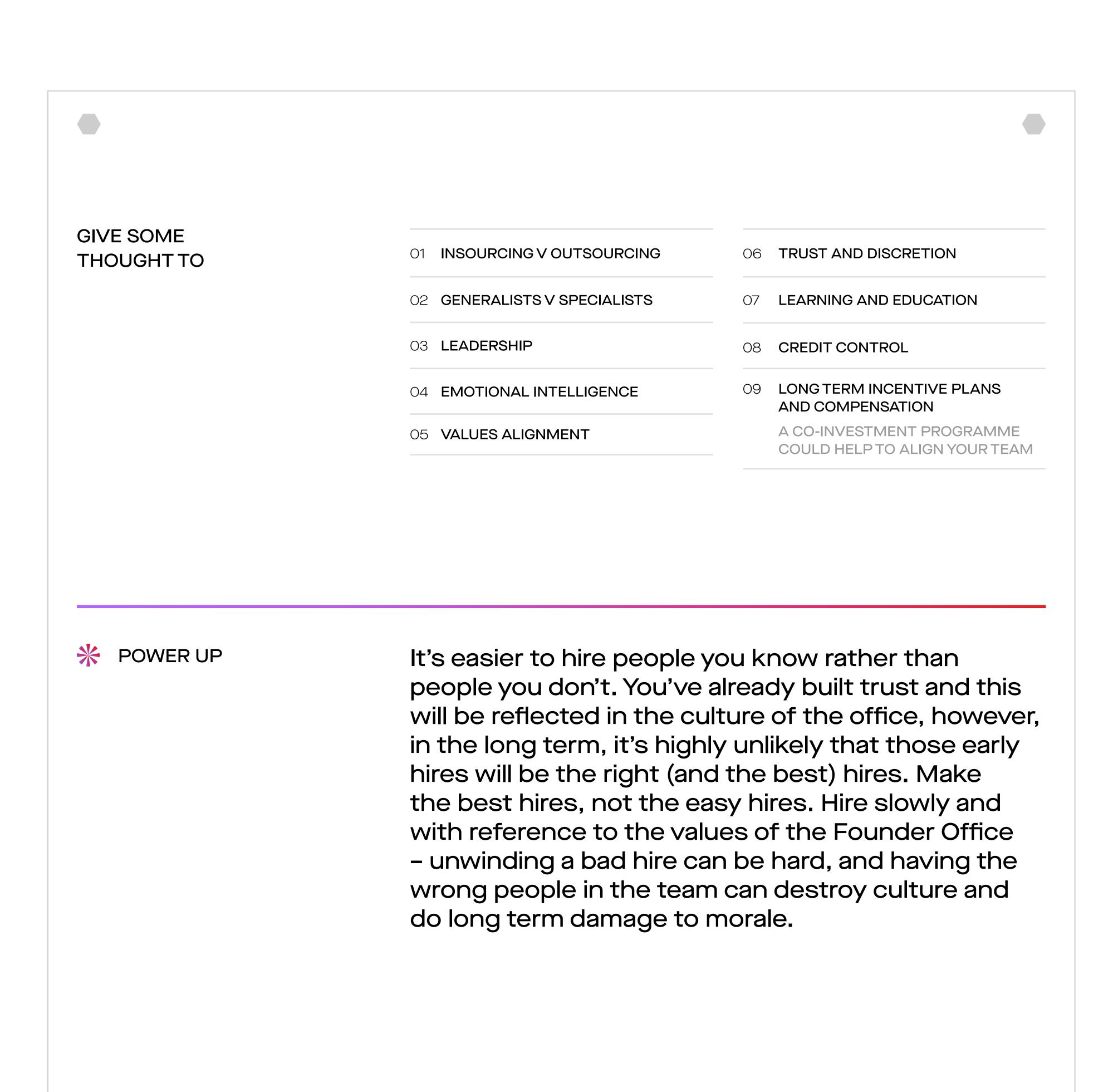
The people you hire must give the founder and the office the expertise and institutional knowledge that it needs to drive towards the office's vision. Every hire must make a profound impact.

One common pitfall when building a Founder Office is that Principals often surround themselves with 'yes' people. To offset this, you must create a team culture and processes that foster real, candid and honest advice.

Consider the right combination of personalities, expertise, seniority, and value alignment when building your team. Depending on the size of the business, and the extent of the underlying wealth, key hires may include:

FOUNDERS/ FAMILY MEMBERS	TAX AND LEGAL
C-SUITE - CEO, CIO, CFO, COO, CTO, COS	HEAD OF TALENT/ HEADHUNTER
GENERAL COUNSEL	OPERATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION MANAGER
ASSET SPECIALISTS	M&A
FINANCE	RISK OFFICER

PEOPLE & TALENT





Brand, PR& Communications

BRAND, PR & COMMUNICATIONS Building a well positioned brand identity from the start will shape the future of the business.

A slick, clear and well defined offer to the market will help you stand out in a crowded marketplace, help you hire and retain top talent, and make it easier to pitch yourself to new connections.

Laying the brand's foundations ahead of a launch is as important for team cohesion and internal communications, as it is for launching the brand to the wider world.

GIVE SOME THOUGHT TO

- O1 THE NAME OF YOUR FOUNDER OFFICE
- 02 YOUR PURPOSE (YOUR NORTH STAR)

WE EXIST TO: ____ SO THAT: ____ BECAUSE: ____

O3 YOUR STRATEGIC CHOICES

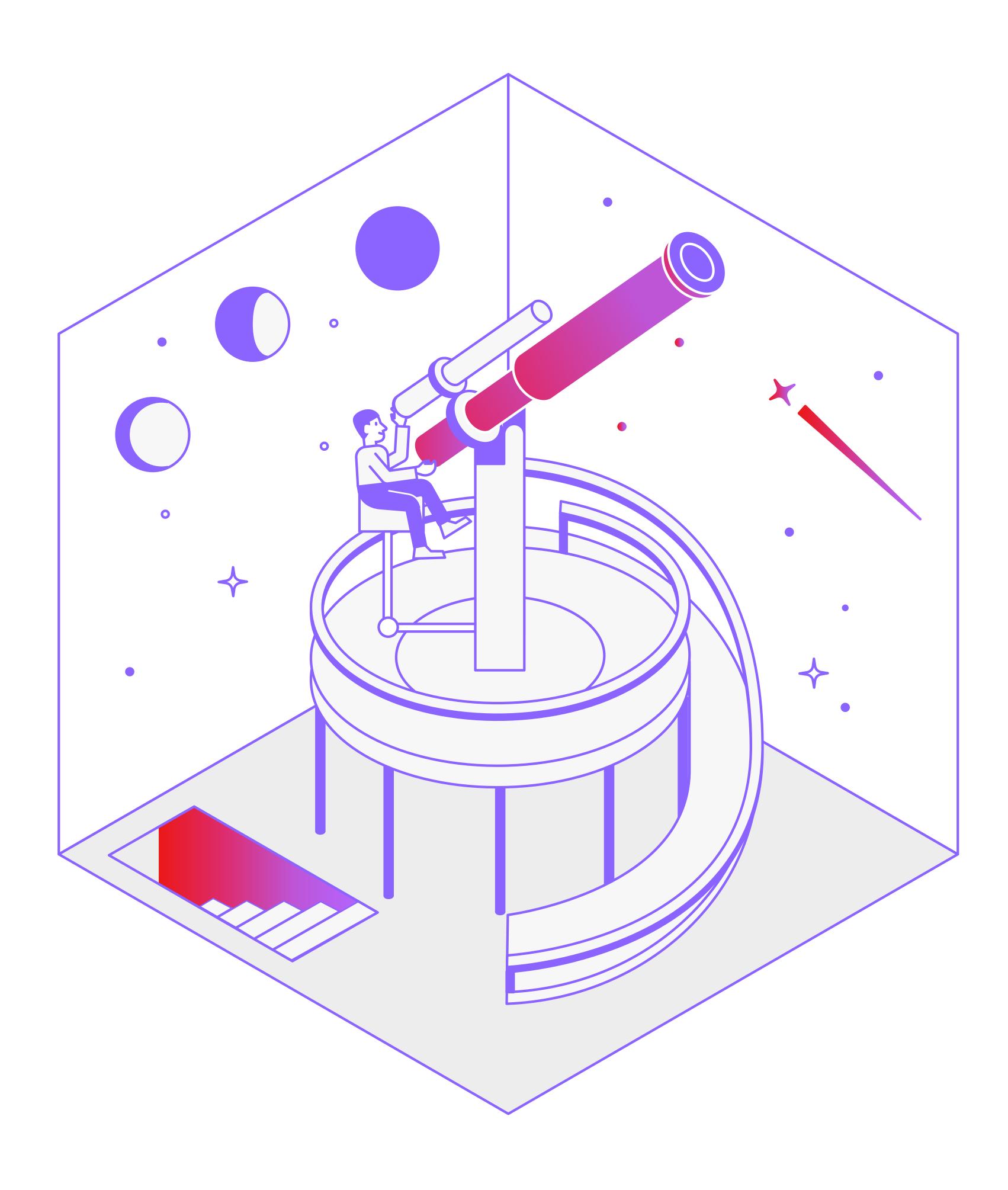
THE THINGS YOU'LL DO TO DELIVER ON YOUR PURPOSE [OFTEN THESE BECOME COMPANY PILLARS]

- 06 YOUR VALUES, COMMITMENTS AND NON-NEGOTIABLES, INCLUDING YOUR APPROACH TO:
 - MORAL AND ETHICAL STANDPOINTS
 - RESILIENCE AND AGILITY
 - INTEGRITY AND HONESTY
 - QUALITY OF OUTPUT
 - TEAMWORK AND COLLABORATION - ACCOUNTABILITY AND OWNERSHIP
- O7 APPROACH TO RELATIONSHIPS

Once you've decided on the above, you'll want to consider which parts you want to share externally, and which parts are exclusively for the team. Sharing values and commitments externally gives the company a personality. If people feel aligned and connected to your values as a business, they are more likely to want to be a part of it; be it as a new recruit, a service provider or a brand champion in the world.

BRAND, PR AND COMMUNICATIONS

* POWER UP Your instinct could be to keep the brand low-key, but there may be benefits to bringing it out into the open to the extent you are comfortable, not least for talent acquisition, KYC checks, market validation and relationship-building. Having no information can often create unnecessary red flags, so say enough to drive the best business outcomes.



The Future

THE FUTURE

It can be tempting to build a Founder Office in a tactical way, but to build the best requires long term perspectives and strategic thinking.

The life of a Founder Office has three distinct phases to it:

01 CONSOLIDATION PHASE

Building the foundations intentionally, profoundly, and with foresight, makes sure your Founder Office has the infrastructure and frameworks to deliver on its long term vision. This phase will feel the slowest in terms of progress, but it's arguably the most important.

02 GROWTH PHASE

Often the fastest phase of development, when the majority of hires are made and the team kicks in as an effective powerhouse. It can be easy for some of the more critical infrastructure to strain at this point - it's important to make sure that governance and decision-making keeps up with the growth to avoid making mistakes and missing opportunities.

03 REALIGNMENT PHASE

Taking an objective view of what you have built makes sure that the model is continually iterated. Progress is impossible without change. If the office stands still, it's not progressing, learning or adjusting to its developing environment. Of course, as your Founder Office develops, its focus will need to adapt to the changing needs and priorities of the founder. Topics like succession, consolidation of philanthropic activity, or luxury assets may become important and their interests are likely to dictate your direction.

THE FUTURE



Exceptional entrepreneur, Hiroshi Mikitani, believes that organisations must evolve and adapt as they scale, to successfully navigate the significant changes. Challenges tend to occur at multiples of three and ten in various aspects of business. The way a company runs at 3 people, will be different to a company of 10, 30 and 100. At each of those moments, something in the organisation will break - be it your communications system, your team dynamic, your payroll or your accounting. Avoid skipping over a multiple step and instead, acknowledge the 'break' and adapt procedures and processes accordingly.

